

$$\begin{aligned}
 (3) \quad \frac{d}{dx} (x^{-n}) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h)^{-n} - x^{-n}}{h} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \left\{ \frac{1}{(x+h)^n} - \frac{1}{x^n} \right\} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{h} \cdot \frac{x^n - (x+h)^n}{(x+h)^n x^n} \\
 &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{\underbrace{(x+h)^n x^n}_{h \rightarrow 0 \text{ で } -\frac{1}{x^{2n}}}} \cdot \frac{(x+h)^n - x^n}{h} \\
 &= -\frac{1}{x^{2n}} \cdot n x^{n-1} \quad \left( \lim a \cdot b = \lim a \cdot \lim b \text{ は示せない} \right) \\
 &= -n x^{-n-1} \quad \left( \uparrow \text{命題 2.1 (3) 参照} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

微分の定義より  $\frac{d}{dx} x^n = n x^{n-1}$

問.

$$(1) \quad f(x) = \log(x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2})$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f'(x) &= \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} (x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2})' \\
 &= \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{x} \frac{x}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} \right\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} \cdot \frac{x + \sqrt{a^2 + x^2}}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} //
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \quad f(x) = \log(\cosh x)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f'(x) &= \frac{1}{\cosh x} (\cosh x)' \\
 &= \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x} \\
 &= \tanh x //
 \end{aligned}$$

参考

$$\begin{cases} \sinh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2} \\ \cosh x = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} \end{cases}$$

$\sinh$  は双曲線 hyperbolic の頭文字で、これは双曲線関数という。